

OUR LOSS.
A DAY OF FASTING AND PRAYER.

THE PRESIDENT'S ASSASSIN.

FURTHER REWARDS OFFERED.

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MOVEMENTS OF THE ASSASSIN.

Booth Again Reported in Pennsylvania.

The Arrest of a Man in Tammany for Identification.

READING, Penn., Thursday, April 20, 1865.
I have just seen Mr. Lyon, a United States detective officer, from whom I got the following relative to the Booth affair.
The report that Booth came to Reading on the train is correct. He was in Reading all day.
The man that recognized him informed detective Lyon of his being in town, and that he knew it was Booth.
Mr. Lyon immediately, in company with Mr. Miller, another detective, proceeded to trace him.
They finally traced him to the depot and ascertained that a man answering his description had got on the train which had just left.
The facts were immediately made known to Mr. G. A. Nichols, Superintendent of the road, and an effort was made to telegraph to Port Clinton, the first telegraph station, but the operator not being about, an engine was fired up, and Messrs. Lyon and Miller, together with the man who had seen Booth, proceeded at full speed to overtake the regular train.
They did overtake the train, but at Port Clinton were informed that the man described had got off the train there, but whether he went to the Catawissa train or not they could not ascertain.
A dispatch was sent to Tammany to the conductor of the train, and in the meantime Port Clinton was thoroughly searched.
Upon the arrival of the train at Tammany the conductor telegraphed as follows: "The man is on the train."
Another dispatch was sent to the next station for further information, with orders for his detention.
This morning at 8 o'clock Detective Lyons received a telegram from Conductor Bright, dated Catawissa, saying: "No such man came through on my train."
Mr. Lyons states that he is satisfied that the man is Booth.
What measures are being taken for his arrest are kept private for obvious reasons.
The following is a description of the person: About five-foot eight inches in height, black eyes, black hair, cut short and inclined to curl; short black mustache; had cotton in both ears; wore a white felt hat; had a piece of crape on the left arm; wore a Lincoln badge on the right breast in mourning; and had on a black frock coat with common blue military pants.

Second Dispatch.

READING, Pa., Thursday, April 20, 1865.
To S. BRADFORD, esq.: On my return from Pottsville the representations to me last evening were such that I sent a special engine to Pottsville after the up evening passenger train, but the man had left the train at Auburn, before the telegram could reach it. He then walked back to Port Clinton after dark, and stole his passage to Tammany on one of our coal trains last night. He is now caught at Tammany, where we telegraphed to look out for him, and will be held until identified. There has been ground for suspicion that it is Booth.
G. A. NICHOLS,
Supt. Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

Third Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 20, 1865.
The following dispatch was received this evening from a lawyer at Reading:
"The dispatch of yesterday was somewhat erroneous. The statement given by the citizen of Reading referred to, is that he has no acquaintance with Booth, having seen him but once seven years ago in a theater in Baltimore, and not being able to identify him now. He saw the suspected person in a saloon on Tuesday night, in company with another, drinking freely. Learning that the man intended leaving town for Pottsville at 6 p. m. yesterday, he got upon the train after it had started, and recognized the individual, who appeared very much confused at meeting him. He asked the citizen whether he was going up in the train. Upon his answering that he was not, the man said that he would be back in Reading in a day or two. The citizen then left the train, and communicated these facts to a Government detective of this place, by whose agency he has since been arrested, and is now awaiting recognition at Tammany."
FOURTH DISPATCH.

Reading, Thursday, April 20, 1865.

The citizen who "recognized Booth" was taken before a Justice of the Peace this afternoon to make affidavit of his knowledge. He swears now that he has only seen Booth once, and that was seven years ago; and also, that he does not believe the person pursued was Booth. Heretofore he stated positively that it was Booth, and that he knew him intimately.
Atzerot Captured.
BALTIMORE, Thursday, April 20, 1865.
A dispatch from Gen. E. B. Tyler, dated Relay House this evening, says:
"Sergeant Gammon of the 1st Delaware Cavalry, Captain Townsend's company, of my command, has just brought in George A. Atzerot, one of the assassins. He has been identified by the detectives who have been pursuing him."

Pennsylvania Offers a Reward.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 20, 1865.
Gov. Curtin has issued a proclamation offering a reward of \$10,000 for the arrest of Booth, who is reported to have been seen in this State, if arrested in Pennsylvania.

Proclamation by the Lieutenant-Governor of Illinois.

The following proclamation has been issued by the Lieutenant-Governor of Illinois:
To the People of Illinois: Abraham Lincoln has fallen by the hand of the assassin. He upon whom the nation has relied through all the dark hours of the rebellion—the exalted patriot, the wise, the brave, the just, the noble statesman, has been stricken down, while joy died every heart that the Constitution and the laws had been triumphantly maintained. In the moment of victory, Illinois mourns the loss of her noblest son, and the nation weeps the loss of her second Washington. He, the Slaveholder's most accursed rebellion has gone to its doom, while perpetrating the most infamous crime in the history of the world.
It becomes us, therefore, to bow before Almighty God, humbly to confess and to repent of the sins which have brought this great calamity upon us, to implore Him to look in mercy upon the nation, and to bring us to him our troubles; that he will give strength and wisdom to all who are now the Executive, the Legislature, the Judiciary, and to all who are in the army, and that he will give success to our arms, and that he will speedily restore to the nation the blessings of unity and peace.
Therefore, in the absence of His Excellency, Gov. Oglesby, I William Bross, Lieutenant-Governor of Illinois, do issue this my proclamation, and request the people of the State, either on to-morrow, or upon the Sabbath next succeeding thereto, to engage in such special religious services as they shall deem appropriate, and especially that they devote the Empire Anghy road to have mercy upon us; that he will restrain the "wrath of man, and cause the remainder of wrath to perish Him."
Done at the city of Chicago, this 18th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
WILLIAM BROSS, Lieut. Gov. of Illinois.

From New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 15, via CAIRO, April 20, 1865.
Cotton is very much depressed; sales of good Ordinary at 24c. Good has declined 5c per cent. Western produce, dry goods, and all staple articles, are offered at greatly reduced prices, without buyers. Arrived, bark J. Godfrey and brig. Arrowhead, from Philadelphia, ship Hope, from Boston, ship Galea, from New-York.
The steamers George Cromwell and Evening Star left to-day for New-York.
The stock of cotton on hand and ship board is 10,867 bales.

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